

FOURTH SUPPLEMENT TO PROSPECTUS
February 11, 1999
(TO PROSPECTUS DATED SEPTEMBER 18, 1997)

The Prospectus dated September 18, 1997, as supplemented through the date hereof (the "Prospectus"), relating to the offer and sale, from time to time, by the Selling Securityholders listed therein of up to \$550,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 3% Convertible Subordinated Notes Due February 15, 2002 (the "Notes") of Cendant Corporation (the "Company") and up to 17,959,205 shares of common stock, \$.01 par value of the Company, issuable upon conversion of the Notes, is hereby supplemented as follows:

We urge you to carefully read the "Risk Factor" section appearing on page S-2, where we describe specific risks associated with the Notes.

The following entities are hereby named as Selling Securityholders as contemplated on page 29 of the Prospectus:

SELLING SECURITYHOLDER	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF NOTES COVERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS	NUMBER OF SHARES COVERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS
CIBC Oppenheimer Corp. 1 World Financial Center New York, NY 10281	\$ 5,870,000	191,673
Goldman, Sachs & Co. 10 Hanover Square, 12th Floor New York, NY 10005	\$ 13,000a	424a
Merrill Lynch Pierce Fenner and Smith Inc. 101 Hudson Street, 10th Floor Jersey City, NJ 07302-3997	\$ 750,000a	24,489a
NationsBank Montgomery Securities LLC 9 W 57th Street, 40th Floor New York, NY 10019	\$ 7,685,000a	250,938a

a Principal Amount of Notes and Number of Shares represented in this Supplement by this Selling Securityholder is in addition to those Notes and Shares set forth with respect to this Selling Securityholder in the Prospectus, as supplemented through the date hereof.

RISK FACTOR

You should carefully read the following risk factor before purchasing any Notes.

Discovery of Accounting Irregularities and Related Litigation and SEC Investigation

On April 15, 1998, we announced that in the course of transferring responsibility for the Company's accounting functions from the former CUC International Inc. ("CUC") personnel to former HFS Incorporated ("HFS") accounting personnel and preparing for the reporting of first quarter 1998 financial results, we discovered accounting irregularities in certain CUC business units. As a result, upon discovering such accounting irregularities in certain former CUC business units, the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors and its counsel, assisted by auditors, immediately began an intensive investigation that resulted, in part, in us restating our previously reported financial results for 1997, 1996 and 1995. Our restated net income (loss) totaled \$(217.2) million, \$330.0 million and \$229.8 million in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively (\$0.27), \$0.41 and \$0.31 per diluted share, respectively). We originally reported corresponding net income of \$55.4 million, \$423.6 million and \$302.8 million in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively (\$0.06, \$0.52 and \$0.42 per diluted share, respectively).

As a result of these accounting irregularities, numerous purported class

action lawsuits, two purported derivative lawsuits and an individual lawsuit have been filed against us and, among others, HFS, and certain current and former officers and directors of us and HFS, asserting various claims under the federal securities laws and certain state statutory and common laws, including claims that our previously issued financial statements allegedly were false and misleading and that we allegedly know or should have known that they caused the price of our securities to be artificially inflated. In addition, the staff of the SEC and the United States Attorney for the District of New Jersey are conducting investigations relating to the accounting issues. The SEC Staff has advised the Company that its inquiry should not be construed as an indication by the SEC or its staff that any violations of law have occurred. Please see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1997 and the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated January 8, 1999 for additional information regarding this litigation.

We do not believe that it is feasible to predict or determine the final outcome of these proceedings or to estimate the amounts or potential range of loss with respect to the resolution of these proceedings. In addition, the timing of the final resolution of the proceedings is uncertain. The possible outcome or resolution of the proceedings could include a judgment against us or a settlement and could require substantial payments by us. Our management believes that an adverse outcome with respect to such proceedings could have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.